## 21.-Seamen Engaged and Discharged at Canadian Ports, Years Ended Mar. 31, 1947-56

Note.—Figures from 1918 are given in the corresponding table of previous Year Books beginning with the 1941 edition.

Year	Seamen Engaged	Seamen Discharged	Year	Seamen Engaged	Seamen Discharged
	No.	No		No.	No.
1947	43,973 59,768 50,379 43,677 40,241	42,205 60,793 49,544 43,194 40,535	1952. 1953. 1964. 1955. 1956.	43,724 42,723 42,837 43,292 44,142	40,664 36,610 43,142 41,030 44,333

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Newfoundland included from Apr. 1, 1949.

Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited.—In conformity with the Canada-West Indies Trade Agreement of 1926 (16-17 Geo. V, c. 16) the Federal Government has provided direct steamship services to the West Indies through the medium of Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited.

At the end of 1956, the Canadian National Steamships owned and operated eight vessels in service between Canada and the British West Indies.

## 22.—Financial Statistics of Canadian National (West Indies) Steamships Limited 1947-56

Norg.—Figures for the years 1929-38 are given in the 1942 Year Book, p. 620; for 1939-44 in the 1950 edition, p. 777; and for 1945-46 in the 1956 Year Book, p. 844.

Year	Operating Revenues	Operating Expenses	Operating Profit or Loss	Other Income – (net)	Interest	Income Surplus or Deficit
	\$		\$	8	\$	\$
1947	7,857,471 7,964,720 6,595,007 5,124,200 6,808,478	7,028,193 7,320,615 6,582,608 5,725,632 6,840,054	+829,278 $+644,105$ $+12,399$ $-601,432$ $-31,576$	266,697 85,733 88,064 133,127 130,368	573,298 563,794 560,961 560,462 565,784	+522,677 +166,044 -460,498 -1,028,767 -466,992
1952 1953 1954 1955 1956	7,449,247 4,509,342 5,105,082 5,946,605 6,125,470	7, 122, 971 5, 331, 788 5, 424, 983 5, 995, 684 6, 052, 570	$\begin{array}{r} +326,276 \\ -822,446 \\ -319,901 \\ -49,079 \\ +72,900 \end{array}$	145,065 170,866 166,741 77,780	475,250 475,250 475,250 475,250 124,665 49,619	$\begin{array}{r} -3,909 \\ -1,126,830 \\ -628,410 \\ -95,964 \\ +23,281 \end{array}$

## Subsection 6.—The St. Lawrence Seaway

The St. Lawrence Seaway, in its broadest sense, will provide a deep waterway extending some 2,200 miles from the Atlantic Ocean to the Head of the Great Lakes. The waters of Lake Superior, seeking sea level, drop 602 feet through the lesser Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence River on their way from the heart of the Continent to the Atlantic Ocean. The greater part of this drop takes place in the Niagara River—now overcome by the 27-mile Welland Ship Canal with its eight locks—and in the St. Lawrence River.

The present navigation picture is as follows: (1) from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Montreal, a distance of 1,000 miles, controlling navigation channels are 35 feet in depth; (2) from Montreal to Lake Ontario, a distance of 180 miles, controlling navigation